

## CLAIMS

We claim:

1 1. A method for workload planning, comprising the steps  
2 of:

3 determining for each of a plurality of prospective  
4 customers, a projected quantity of material for  
5 processing;

6 determining for each customer a complexity factor for  
7 processing said material; and

8 responsive to said projected quantity and said  
9 complexity factor, determining staffing requirements  
10 and productivity targets for a demanufacturing  
11 enterprise for processing said material.

1 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of  
2 projecting said quantity by volume.

1 3. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of

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2 converting said volume to weight.

1 4. The method of claim 2, further comprising the steps of  
2 converting said volume to weight, and determining said  
3 complexity factor by prototyping.

1 5. The method of claim 4, said prototyping including the  
2 step of disassembly prototyping.

1 6. The method of claim 5, said disassembly prototyping  
2 step being applied to new material and further comprising  
3 the step of accumulating historical data for determining  
4 said complexity factor for previously disassembled material.

1 7. The method of claim 2, said projecting step further  
2 comprising the step of determining an expected number of  
3 truckloads of said material.

1 8. The method of claim 5, said disassembly prototyping  
2 further including the step of determining salvageable and  
3 disposable content for said material of a given equipment  
4 type.

1 9. The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of  
2 applying said quantity projections and complexity factors to

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3 workload planning model for forecasting workload  
4 requirements for said processing; and responsive to said  
5 workload requirements determining staffing requirements and  
6 resource balancing between projects.

1 10. The method of claim 9, further comprising the steps of  
2 adjusting said workload requirements for absenteeism,  
3 fatigue, breaks, and vacation pattern factors.

1 11. The method of claim 9, said workload planning model  
2 being implemented as a computer spreadsheet.

1 12. The method of claim 11, further comprising the step of  
2 periodically updating said workload planning model based  
3 upon actual and anticipated changes in quantity projections  
4 and complexity factors.

1 13. The method of claim 10, further comprising the step of  
2 calculating said productivity targets for a demanufacturing  
3 enterprise using said quantity projections and complexity  
4 factors.

1 14. A method for forecasting staffing requirements for a  
2 demanufacturing enterprise, comprising the steps of:



6 complexity factor for processing said material; and

7 a computer model, responsive to said projected quantity  
8 and said complexity factor, for determining staffing  
9 requirements and productivity targets for processing  
10 said material.

1 17. The system of claim 16, further comprising:

2 a process tracking database for accumulating historical  
3 data, said data including actual and projected  
4 complexity factors for materials for each of plurality  
5 of said customers.

1 18. The system of claim 17, further comprising:

2 model input for receiving customer projections of said  
3 quantity of material and the results of disassembly  
4 prototyping.

1 19. A program storage device readable by a machine,  
2 tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by a  
3 machine to perform method steps for workload planning, said  
4 method steps comprising:

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determining for each of a plurality of prospective customers, a projected quantity of material for processing;

determining for each customer a complexity factor for processing said material; and

responsive to said projected quantity and said complexity factor, determining staffing requirements and productivity targets for processing said material.

20. The program storage device of claim 19, said method steps further comprising the step of projecting said quantity by volume.

21. The program storage device of claim 19, said method steps further comprising the step of converting said volume to weight.

22. The program storage device of claim 20, said method steps further comprising the step of converting said volume to weight, and determining said complexity factor by prototyping.

23. The program storage device of claim 22, said

2     prototyping step including the step of disassembly  
3     prototyping.

1     24.   The program storage device of claim 23, said  
2     disassembly prototyping step being applied to new material  
3     and further comprising the step of accumulating historical  
4     data for determining said complexity factor for previously  
5     disassembled material.

1     25.   The program storage device of claim 20, said projecting  
2     step further comprising the step of determining an expected  
3     number of truckloads of said material.

1     26.   The program storage device of claim 23, said  
2     disassembly prototyping further including the step of  
3     determining salvageable and disposable content for said  
4     material of a given equipment type.

1     27.   The program storage device of claim 19, said method  
2     steps further comprising the steps of applying said quantity  
3     projections and complexity factors to workload planning  
4     model for forecasting workload requirements for said  
5     processing; and responsive to said workload requirements  
6     determining staffing requirements and resource balancing  
7     between projects.





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5 multiplying said weight by a complexity factor  
6 determined by disassembly prototyping to generate a  
7 staff requirement for each of a plurality of customers;

8 generating a summation of said staff requirements for  
9 all customers; and

10 adjusting said staff requirements for all customers by  
11 an expected absenteeism factor, fatigue factor, breaks  
12 requirements, and vacation patterns to generate said  
13 staffing requirements and productivity targets for said  
14 demanufacturing enterprise.